

WOULD DO AWAY WITH POLL TAX

Next Legislature May Be Asked
to Remodel Law as It
Stands.

FIGURES BEING PREPARED

Territorial Treasurer Has Plan
for Extending Scope of
Income Tax.

Radical recommendations concerning poll tax laws will probably be made to the legislature by Governor Peary, should Territorial Treasurer Conkling's present opinions on the subject be crystallized to eliminate the tax and take care of the revenue by other methods. Treasurer Conkling is of the opinion that the poll tax law, under which about sixty per cent. of the residents legally bound to pay the \$5 per annum escape doing so, is in need of drastic changes.

The treasurer is preparing figures on the subject which will be laid before the Governor before the end of the year, in which he will show that the poll tax, which amounts to about \$90,000 a year, is almost an injustice to those who pay the tax year after year. There is a heavy percentage of citizens who escape payment of the tax for the simple reason that they don't pay and for another simple reason that they can't.

Those who do pay are mainly those on salaries, employees of others, and in all such cases they cannot escape the tax collector. There is a rank and file among the citizens who do not see \$5 in cash from one end of the year to the other and who would find it almost a physical impossibility to pay the tax authorized by law. In some of the country districts the natives, for instance, seldom pay the tax because they have not the means. They make mats and many other things in which they are skilled and live by trading with stores, obtaining fish from the sea by their own skill and raising taro for conversion into poi.

The man who makes \$30 to \$40 a month as an employee of a business house, whose rent, clothing and general living expenses for himself and family, require almost every cent earned, is compelled to pay poll tax. The tax collector sees to it, and the employee has no opportunity to dodge payment. The district courts are cluttered at various times of the year with suits brought by the government for the payment of the poll tax, as well as other taxes.

The treasurer has constructive ideas on the subject of retaining the collections, however, even though the poll tax is eliminated, by passing a graduated scale of income tax whereby everybody who earns or receives an income, even down to \$250 a year, pays something into the treasury. He would reduce the exemption from \$1500 to considerably less, so that the man on salary who receives \$2000 a year would still pay into the treasury in income tax the amount he now pays in poll and income tax, but at the same time many of those who have heretofore escaped paying poll or income tax, would pay something, although it might be only a dollar or two a year.

By this means the treasurer believes that the treasury would be the gainer in the long run.

HIS MARRIED LIFE WAS TOO STRENUOUS

About Six Months Was All He
Could Stand and Now He
Seeks Divorce.

After having been batted over the head with a stick of wood, whacked in the mouth with a shoe and otherwise beaten by his spouse, Lena, L. Steinberg, after a brief married life, is seeking to have the bonds broken into smithereens, and will soon tell one of the circuit judges of his troubles since he married the woman on February 6, 1912.

Steinberg has apparently found married life not a bed of roses, but principally composed of thorns. He claims that Lena has been guilty of excessive and habitual ill-treatment, and the list of items he relates would indicate that Lena is an Amazon and he just one of the downtrodden "common people."

After a couple of months' married life he was compelled to leave his wife, but after she had promised to "mend her ways," they kissed and made up, but almost immediately she began her cruel treatment and threw him around without regard to his feelings and person. On April 1, which happens to be All Fools' Day—she struck him with a stick of wood; on April 20, he was again struck; on April 8, she hit him on the head; on April 10, she used her shoe and lashed him on the mouth, and then, on September 9, she varied her program by grabbing him by the hair of the head and dragging him around the house. This was the last straw and he left his home and now wants to be officially declared a single man again.

MARSHALL BLACK IN CUSTODY

SAN JOSE, California, October 12.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Marshall Black has been arrested. It is believed he is wanted in connection with the Becker trial in New York.

Where the Ceremonies of Flag Raising Were Held



THE NEW LILIUOKALANI SCHOOL AT KAIMUKI.

FLAG IS RAISED TO BUGLE BLAST

Liliuokalani School Scene of Patriotic Ceremony—The Oration.

(From Saturday Advertiser)

Amid a drizzle of rain, but with bugle notes bravely blaring, a handsome American flag was hoisted over the new Liliuokalani school at Kaimuki yesterday afternoon, in the midst of a large crowd of officials and residents and pupils of the district, while veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic stood at attention and saluted the banner, which a half century ago they fought for on Southern battlefields.

It was an impressive scene and was an object lesson for the young people. There was pomp and ceremony in the raising of the flag. Although the rain threatened to spoil the outdoor effectiveness of the occasion, the large assembly room was found ample for the veterans and the ceremonies were concluded there.

President H. E. Davis, of the Kaimuki, Waiakae and Palolo Improvement Club, opened the exercises with an address of welcome to the Grand Army veterans and to all who had come to assist and listen. He referred briefly to the history of the movement to establish a school in the growing suburb, of the presence of ex-Queen Liliuokalani at the corner-stone exercises early in the year, and of its splendid location where the breeze from Koko Head blew lustily to stimulate the pupils to hard study. He called attention to the presence of the G. A. R. veterans and what they represented with respect to the flag.

The flag was raised by Veteran Strout, of George W. DeLong Post, G. A. R., and as it rose to the peak, two army buglers from the coast artillery garrison of Fort Rucker, sent by Major Timberlake, gave the appropriate bugle calls. The Hawaiian band, which had been assembled, although this is their vacation month, played frequently during the ceremonies. There were flag salutes and drills by pupils of the school.

The oration of the day was made by Hon. Charles A. Cottrell, collector of internal revenue, in part as follows: "I congratulate your organization, the Kaimuki Improvement Association, on having been able to secure this up-to-date school building for your section of the city. I commend the wisdom of the legislature which provided for its erection and maintenance. I admire the splendid sentiment which prompted the naming of this building for Her Majesty, Ex-Queen Liliuokalani, who is so generally beloved and respected by all classes.

"Around the Stars and Stripes, emblem of our great Republic, and the American public school must ever cluster the hopes and aspirations of our people. This ceremony of raising the flag by these members of the George W. DeLong Post of the G. A. R., is eminently fitting and proper. These veterans and their comrades—living and dead—by their triumph at arms in the great Civil War of 1861-1865 preserved it and the nation it represents, against the assaults of traitorous hands. It has been since, and please God, may it ever be the emblem of liberty, equality and opportunity. Today they place it above this school building and thereby express their belief in the doctrine that the public school is the real foundation stone upon which rests the liberties of the people and the safety of the Republic.

"The public school system is another Grand Army which is now and ever has waged incessant war upon ignorance and vice. It is the Nation's hope and is of far more importance than standing armies. The warfare it wages may be a bloodless one, but it is ever achieving great victories for liberty and humanity. Every President of this Republic since Abraham Lincoln, was a product of the American public school.

A Patriotic Law.

"In this Territory, as in most States of the Union, it is provided by law that the American flag shall float over every public school building during school hours. I learn that the law for this Territory was enacted by the legislature at the request and on the recommendation of the local Grand Army Post and the territorial school authorities. Both are entitled to the thanks of the community for their patriotism in this regard.

"In this western outpost of the United States, where are gathered representatives of nearly every nation under heaven, it is exceedingly important that nothing shall be left undone which will serve to inspire sincere respect for our Nation's flag.

"When we consider what our free



HON. CHARLES A. COTTRILL,
The orator of the day.

institutions mean to the oppressed of earth and the downtrodden in every clime, we should be ever ready to evidence our respect for the flag that they, when they are with us, may have the benefit of the example thus set.

"International arbitration, that consummation so devoutly to be wished, which is the present dream of the true noblemen of earth, will some day be realized, and I am sure that among the agencies that contributed largely to that result will be found to be the public schools of our beloved country.

"Faith in God—loyalty to country—love of humanity. The universality of these three qualities among men will mark the dawn of the perfect day when the ideal republic shall flourish, whose citizenship is the highest type of humanity—male and female. Proper education of the physical, mental and spiritual powers of each individual will perfect society, and nothing less can do it.

Laid the Foundation.

"The early Christian missionaries to these Islands, as long ago as 1820, laid the foundations of an educational system that contemplated a training of the heart, the head and the hand. This is to my mind the ideal educational system. In the very beginning attention was given to vocational training, as witness the establishment and maintenance of the Hilo boarding school and the school at Lahaina. This splendid school system gave to the world many useful men and women, prominent among whom was Samuel C. Armstrong. When Mr. Armstrong had ceased fighting the battles of the Union (he rose to the rank of general in the Army) he took up the work of fighting the battles of humanity in the vocational schools of the mainland.

"The great school at Hampton, Virginia, and the greater one at Tuskegee, Alabama, both owe their establishment, primarily, to General Armstrong, for he personally established Hampton and was the teacher of Dr. B. T. Washington, who founded and at present directs the policy of Tuskegee.

"It is very gratifying to note that at this very moment each of the political parties, now striving for territorial mastery, is committed to a policy of renewed vigor in the support of this now almost neglected vocational training.

A Practical Age.

"This age is one of practicality. That education is most valuable which enables the boy or girl to win true success by being useful to their community and mankind in general. The ideal seems obtaining here as it is elsewhere in the country, that an educational system, free to all, should be so conducted as to fit the youth of the land to truly enjoy the privileges, and faithfully discharge the duties and obligations of good citizenship. Public schools are intended to prepare boys and girls for the responsibilities of life. All pupils, children of rich and poor alike, should be taught the true dignity of labor, and trained how to do practical, useful things.

"I am told that in one school building in this city may be found representatives of eighteen different racial types, and that the experience of both teachers and pupils is that they not only can, but they have worked together in perfect harmony, and I dare say that each is the better and stronger because of the experience. Too much praise cannot be given the noble band of men and women who are serving as school teachers in this Territory.

"Dear children, the world wants men and women who are straight. Straight men and women only come from straight boys and girls. The days of childhood and youth cannot be spent in doing sharp, tricky things if we hope to grow into straight men and women. If we ever expect to be straight, the time to begin is here and now. The truly straight boy and girl may be described as follows:

"They are not afraid to look any one in the eye. They have a frank, manly and womanly bearing. If they say they will meet you at a certain time and place, they will be there or tell you why they are not. Only truth passes their lips. They honor their father and mother. They are respectful to every one. They love God and good things. These are some of the essentials of true manhood and womanhood. May God help you to measure up to them in the coming years.

Territorial Schools.

"I learn that an appropriation of \$12,214 for each year in this biennial term has been made for the equipping and maintenance of the schools of this Territory. There are 674 public school teachers, with 25,000 pupils. I am advised further that there are approximately 350 teachers in the private schools of the Territory. From these facts it is not difficult to understand why the percentage of illiteracy in this Island Territory is very low indeed.

"This building and its flag, dedicated by us this day, represents an expenditure of approximately \$655,000, and it is the best constructed and most completely equipped public school building in the Territory.

"Men of the G. A. R., may your hopes of the perpetuity of the nation you fought to save be not vain. May the banner here raised by you never trail in the dust, but remain through the coming years the flag of a prosperous country and a happy people. Representatives of the department of public instruction, may this structure do all that is intended, and more, in the educational work under your direction. Parents, may you ever cooperate with the teachers and other school authorities in keeping the standard high. Pupils, may you diligently avail yourselves of every opportunity presented to make of yourselves proper citizens of this splendid Territory. Friends, may we all realize more and more each day that the duty of the hour is to deal with every man according to his fitness, his merits and his needs.

"The problem of the races is a challenge to our best. The nation must be steered away from commercial greed and military glory, toward international arbitration, toward universal peace, toward universal brotherhood. These are tasks which we Americans, of whatever racial type, are to meet and master, not separately, but together."

MILITIA OFFICERS AND CORRESPONDENTS

May Be on a Par During Game
of War Soon to Be
Played Here.

The Island militia may have an officer designated as an observer to accompany the regular troops in the maneuvers to be held from October 21 to October 27, although Col. J. W. Jones, adjutant general of the national guard, has not yet taken up the matter with General Macomb.

Colonel Jones regards this as an exceptional opportunity for a national guard officer, but the question may hinge on whether any officer has time to spare to accompany the troops.

Such an officer would be given every opportunity to watch the maneuvers, although he would probably act in no capacity other than an observer and be classed to some extent with the "war" correspondents.

The "War" Correspondents.

The newspaper correspondents have been given their instructions by Lieutenant Colonel Campbell, adjutant general of the department of Hawaii, and Major McClure, Fifth Cavalry, who is one of the members of the maneuver board. The correspondents are to take the field and be subject to restrictions as if an actual war was in progress. They are to be cautioned against displaying any reportorial genius in securing news in advance of certain movements and are to curb their propensity in this regard and give news only of the "battles" as they progress. To go beyond the restricted lines would be to face a "theoretical" death, just as they would really face in time of war.

The officers in command of the maneuvers, however, will give the "war" correspondents every opportunity to get their news through to their papers and will assist them in many ways.

MINERS AND DEPUTIES FIGHT.
BINGHAM, Utah, October 11.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Fifty deputies and 300 miners have clashed in a pitched battle. Two miners have been wounded and many arrests of the strikers made.

WILL GO AHEAD WITH ARMORY PLANS

Construction of Building Soon to
Be Started, Says Colonel
Jones.

FOR AN ENTIRE REGIMENT

Extra Appropriation Needed to
Carry Out Plans of
Architect.



COL. J. W. JONES

Adjutant General, N. G. H., who says work on the new armory building will soon begin.

Col. J. W. Jones, adjutant general of the National Guard of Hawaii, is certain that Governor Peary will in a few days have the armory question sufficiently in hand to order construction of the building to begin, although the appropriation of \$100,000 is about \$25,000 less than is needed to put up a building to house a complete regiment. Colonel Jones stated yesterday that the Governor had informed him he will soon decide the question which has been held up for the greater part of the present year.

"I have hopes of having work started very soon," said the colonel. "The war department has given the Territory until March 27, 1913, to commence work. Otherwise the United States will retain possession of the armory lot."

"According to the architect, if we eliminate some of the partitions the building can be constructed with the \$100,000 available, and this will house our present force.

"If we get about \$23,000 or \$24,000 more, the building can be completed so that we can house an entire regiment. That is what we want and must have. The regular army officers here are interested in having a suitable armory, and for a whole regiment. I have been told that senators are favorable to a further appropriation to complete the building and make it a proper home for a full regiment. That looks very favorable."

THE IMPOLITENESS OF CURIOSITY

The goose had been carved, and everybody had tasted it. It was excellent. The negro minister, who was the guest of honor, could not restrain his enthusiasm.

"Dat's as fine a goose as I evah see, Braddah Williams," he said to his host. "Whar did you git such a fine goose?"

"Well, now pahson," replied the carver of the goose, exhibiting great dignity and reticence, "when you preaches a spehful good sermon, I never axes you whar you got it. I hopes you will show me de same consideration."—Popular Magazine.

THE FORCE OF MOMENTUM.

The old mountaineer, who was standing on the corner of the main street in a certain little Kentucky town, had never seen an automobile. When a good sized touring car came rushing up the street at about thirty miles an hour, and slowed down just enough to take the corner on two wheels, his astonishment was extreme.

The old fellow watched the disappearing car with bulging eyes and open mouth. Then turning to a bystander, he remarked solemnly:

"The horses must sho'ly ha' been traveling some when they got loose from that gen'lman's carriage!"—Youth's Companion.

WANTED STRIPED PAINT.

Tales about left-handed monkey wrenches, paper stretcher and feather foundries are outlashed. A local dealer in paints and varnishes received an order from a country customer a few days ago reading as follows:

"Dear Sir:—Please ship me a can of your striped paint. I want just enough for one barber pole."—Vancouver Daily Province.

A GOOD RULE.

Make it a rule of your house to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against bowel complaints. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

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LONDON, October 12.—(Special to The Advertiser)—A tremendous sensation has been caused throughout England by the charges made against four of the highest officials of the British Empire, in connection with the signing of the government contract with the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company. Those concerned are Prime Minister Asquith, David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Rufus Isaacs, the attorney-general, and Postmaster-General Samuel.

The scandal came up in the house of commons today, and there was tremendous interest in Postmaster-General Samuel's reply to the charges in the press that he, Sir Rufus Isaacs, and Lloyd-George had made vast profits by buying Marconi shares on the rise after the government contract with the Marconi Company had been negotiated, the suggestion being that members of the cabinet and other had bought shares for the high government officials.

Shares Skyrocketed.
During the days when the government was considering the Marconi contract, and before the announcement was made that it had been agreed upon, the Marconi shares went skyrocketing, jumping from \$3.85 to \$45.00 a share, to the great amazement of the public.

The house of commons today unanimously passed a resolution appointing a committee of inquiry, to which the ministers concerned will submit to cross-examination, the signing of the contract that caused all the trouble being meanwhile deferred.